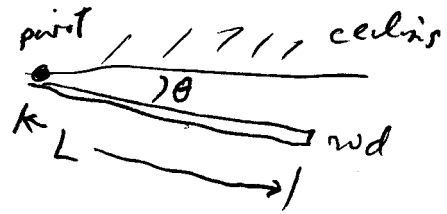


1. A uniform rod 1 m long with mass 0.6 kg is pivoted at one end, as shown, and released from a horizontal position.



A. (5 pts) What is the direction of the torque exerted by gravity about the pivot point?

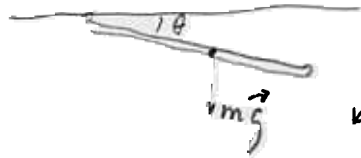
(a) out of the page

\*\* (b) into the page.

(c) to the right.

(d) to the left

$Mg$  is



twists this way, hence by RH rule, into page

B. (5 pts) What is the magnitude of the torque exerted by gravity about the pivot point as

a function of the angle  $\theta$  that the rod makes with the horizontal direction?

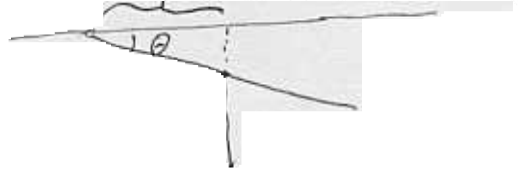
(a)  $5.8 \cos\theta \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$ .

(b)  $5.8 \sin\theta \cos\theta \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$ .

(c)  $2.9 \sin\theta \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$ .

\*\* (d)  $2.9 \cos\theta \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$ .

$$\text{lever arm} = \frac{l}{2} \cos\theta.$$



$\tau$  magnitude

$$= mg \times \text{lever arm}$$

$$= mg \frac{l}{2} \cos\theta$$

$$(0.6 \text{ kg})(10 \text{ m/s}^2)(0.5 \text{ m})$$

$$= 2.9 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$$