1. The condition for a minimum of a single-slit diffraction pattern is

$$
a \sin \theta=m \lambda
$$

where $a$ is the slit width, $\lambda$ is the wavelength, and $m$ is an integer. The angle $\theta$ is measured from the forward direction, so for the situation described in the problem, it is $0.60^{\circ}$ for $m=1$. Thus

$$
a=\frac{m \lambda}{\sin \theta}=\frac{633 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{~m}}{\sin 0.60^{\circ}}=6.04 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~m} .
$$

